

Department of Mathematics, University of Michigan
Real Analysis Qualifying Review Exam

August 16, 2024

Problem 1. Let f_1, f_2, \dots, g be measurable functions on a measure space (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) . Assume that $f_n \rightarrow g$ in measure and that $f_n \leq g$ a.e. Prove that $f \leq g$ a.e.

Problem 2. Let $B = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 < 1\}$ and $f : [0, 1) \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ be a measurable function. For $(x, y) \in B$ set $F(x, y) := f(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2})$. Prove that

$$F \in L^1(B, \lambda_2) \text{ if and only if } \sum_{n,m=1}^{+\infty} 2^{n-m} \lambda_1(\{r \in [2^{-m}, 1) \mid f(r) \geq 2^n\}) < +\infty,$$

where λ_2 (resp., λ_1) stands for the two-(resp., one-)dimensional Lebesgue measure.

Problem 3. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a measurable function such that $\int_{\mathbb{R}} |f(x)| dx < +\infty$. Prove that the sequence

$$h_n(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n f\left(x + \frac{k}{n}\right)$$

converges in $L^1(\mathbb{R})$ and find its limit.

Problem 4. Let $K = \{f : (0, +\infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \mid \int_0^{+\infty} (f(x))^4 dx < 1\}$. Find

$$\sup_{f \in K} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{(f(x))^3}{1+x} dx.$$

Problem 5. Let $f_n : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1]$ be measurable functions such that $\sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} f_n \leq \frac{1}{n}$ and $\int_{\mathbb{R}} f_n(x) dx = 1$. Set $F(x) = \sup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} f_n(x)$. Prove that $\int_{\mathbb{R}} F(x) dx = +\infty$.