

1. Let $M^m \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be a smooth submanifold of dimension $m < n - 2$. Show that its complement $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus M$ is connected and simply connected.

2. M is a smooth manifold of dimension n , and ω is a smooth k -form on M where $k \geq 1$.

(a) If k is odd, show $\omega \wedge \omega = 0$.

(b) What are the minimal values of k and n such that $\omega \wedge \omega$ is possibly nonzero. Give such example.

(c) Let α be a closed differential two-form on S^4 . Prove that $\alpha \wedge \alpha$ vanishes at some point.

3. Show that the subset defined by $S = \{[x : y : z : w] \in \mathbb{R}P^3 : x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + w^3 = 0\}$ is an embedded submanifold of $\mathbb{R}P^3$, and compute its (real) dimension.

4. (a) Show that the subset M of \mathbb{R}^3 defined by the equation

$$(1 - z^2)(x^2 + y^2) = 1$$

is a smooth submanifold of \mathbb{R}^3 .

(b) Define a vector field on \mathbb{R}^3 by

$$V = z^2 x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + z^2 y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + z(1 - z^2) \frac{\partial}{\partial z}.$$

Show that the restriction of V to M is a tangent vector field to M .

(c) The family of maps $\phi_t(x, y, z) = (cx - sy, sx + cy, z)$ with $c = \cos t$ and $s = \sin t$ obviously restricts to a one-parameter family of diffeomorphisms of M . For each t , determine the vector field $(\phi_t)_* V$ on M .

5. Prove the following statement if it's true, or disprove if false:

(a) Let M and N be two smooth manifolds, if the tangent bundles TM and TN are diffeomorphic, then M and N are diffeomorphic.

(b) The tangent bundle of a 2-d sphere TS^2 is not diffeomorphic to $S^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

Qualifying Review examination in Topology

May 10, 2019: Algebraic Topology

1. Let S^3 be the unit sphere in \mathbb{R}^4 , and let ϕ_i , $i = 0, \dots, 4$ be the involution which reverses the signs of the first i coordinates. For which values of i is the quotient space of ϕ_i a topological manifold without boundary?
2. For which values of $g \geq 0$ is it true that for every number $h \geq g$ (g, h integers), a compact oriented surface X of genus g (without boundary) has a covering $f : Y \rightarrow X$ where Y is a compact oriented surface of genus h ?
3. Let S^1 be the unit sphere in \mathbb{C} , let $T = S^1 \times S^1$ and let $T' = T/(S^1 \times \{1\})$. Let X be the "connected sum" of T and T' , i.e. a space obtained by cutting out interiors of closed 2-disks from T and T' , respectively, (disjoint from the singular point in case of T') and attaching the resulting spaces by the boundaries of the disks. Compute the fundamental group and homology of X .
4. Let F be a free group on two generators a, b and let $h : F \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/2 \times \mathbb{Z}/2$ be an onto homomorphism. Is $\text{Ker}(h)$ a free group? If so, find its free generators.
5. Let X be a 2-dimensional CW-complex with one 0-cell, four 1-cells a, b, c, d and four 2-cells, attached along the loops $a^2bc, ab^2d, ac^2d, bcd^2$. Compute the homology of X .