## Algebra 1

Identification Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Each problem occurs on a separate page. If possible, please write your solution on that page and its reverse side. More paper, and paper for scrap work, is available.

**Problem 1.** In the ring  $\mathbb{Z}/2023\mathbb{Z}$ , how many elements obey  $x^{17} = 1$ ? We will helpfully tell you that  $2023 = 7 \times 17^2$ .

**Problem 2.** Let  $R \subset S$  be integral domains and suppose that  $R = S \cap \operatorname{Frac}(R)$  (the intersection is taken inside  $\operatorname{Frac}(S)$ ). Let p be an element of R which is prime in S (meaning that p is not 0 or a unit and that, if p divides xy, then either p divides x or p divides y). Show that p is prime in R.

**Problem 3.** Let V be a finite dimensional complex vector space. A linear operator T on V is called *indecomposable* if there is no decomposition  $V = V_1 \oplus V_2$ , with  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  non-zero, such that  $T(V_i) \subset V_i$  for i = 1, 2. Suppose that T and T' are indecomposable operators on V with equal trace. Show that there is an invertible linear transformation g of V such that  $T = gT'g^{-1}$ .

**Problem 4.** Let A be an invertible real symmetric matrix. Suppose there is a real number C such that  $|\text{Tr}(A^n)| \leq C$  for all integers n. Show that  $A^2$  is the identity matrix.

**Problem 5.** Let V be a complex vector space of finite dimension n, and let  $T: V \to V$  be a diagonalizable linear operator of rank r. What is the rank of the operator  $\bigwedge^k(T): \bigwedge^k(V) \to \bigwedge^k(V)$ ? Give a formula for the rank in terms of n, r, and k.