

**Qualifying Exam Algebra May 2020**  
Morning

$\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{Q}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{C}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_p$  are the integers, the rationals, the real numbers, the complex numbers and the field with  $p$  elements respectively.

- (1) For a nonnegative integer  $n$  and a complex number  $\lambda$ , let  $J_n(\lambda)$  be the  $n \times n$  Jordan block with eigenvalue  $\lambda$ . What is the Jordan canonical form of  $J_n(\lambda)^2$ ?
- (2)
  - (a) Show that a group of order  $2^n \cdot 11$  is solvable if  $n < 10$ .
  - (b) Show that any group  $G$  of order  $2^n \cdot 11$  is solvable if  $n \geq 10$ . (Hint: Define a group homomorphism  $\varphi : G \rightarrow S_{11}$  and show that the kernel and image of  $\varphi$  are solvable.)
- (3) Let  $R$  be a commutative ring equipped with an element  $f$ . Suppose that  $R$  is an integral domain,  $(f)$  is a prime ideal, and that the localization  $R_f$  is a field. (Here  $R_f$  is the localization  $S^{-1}R$  of  $R$  with respect to the multiplicative monoid  $S = \{1, f, f^2, f^3, \dots\}$ .) Show that  $(f)$  is a maximal ideal in  $R$ .
- (4) Suppose that  $p$  is a prime number, let  $K$  be the splitting field of the polynomial  $f(x) = x^5 - 2px + p$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$  and let  $G$  be the Galois group of  $K$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .
  - (a) Show that  $G$  contains a 5-cycle.
  - (b) Show that  $G$  contains a 2-cycle. (You may use the fact that  $f(x)$  has exactly 3 real roots.)
  - (c) What is the degree of the field extension  $K/\mathbb{Q}$ ?
- (5) Let  $R = \mathbb{C}[x, y]/(x^3, y^3)$ .
  - (a) What are the zero divisors in  $R$ ?
  - (b) For every integer  $n \geq 1$ , describe all elements  $a \in R$  with  $a^n = 1$ .

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Afternoon

$\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{Q}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{C}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_p$  are the integers, the rationals, the real numbers, the complex numbers and the field with  $p$  elements respectively.

- (1) Suppose that  $V$  and  $W$  are  $\mathbb{R}$ -vector spaces of dimension  $n$  and  $m$ , and suppose that  $L : V \rightarrow W$  is a linear map.
  - (a) Show that there is a unique linear map  $M : \bigwedge^2 V \rightarrow \bigwedge^2 W$  such that  $M(v_1 \wedge v_2) = Lv_1 \wedge Lv_2$  for all  $v_1, v_2 \in V$ .
  - (b) Let  $k$  be the dimension of the kernel of  $L$ . Express the rank of the kernel of  $M$  in terms of  $k$ ,  $n$  and  $m$ .
  
- (2) Describe the automorphism groups of the following rings:
  - (a)  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ ;
  - (b)  $\mathbb{F}_9$ .
  
- (3) Consider the polynomial  $p(x) = x^{10} + x^2 + 1 \in \mathbb{F}_2[x]$  and let  $K$  be its splitting field.
  - (a) Write  $p(x)$  as a product of irreducible polynomials. (Prove your answer.)
  - (b) How many elements does  $K$  have?
  
- (4) For a prime number  $p$ , show that all elements in the group  $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$  of order  $p$  are in the same conjugacy class.

- (5) Define

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & 4 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Determine whether there exists a real  $3 \times 3$  matrix  $C$  with  $CAC^T = B$ .