Statistical Analysis of Rank & Bias

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Background

Finite Field F_p :

- Mathematical Field with *p* elements
- i.e. Only 0, 1, ..., p 1 can be used in coefficients & variables of polynomials
- Achieve it by using "mod p".

Example:

 $P = 4x^2yz + z^4 + u^2xy + 3x^2y^2$

DEFINITION For Rank:

- 1. Factorize: $P = z(4x^2y + z^3) + xy(u^2 + 3xy)$ *Least number of factorizable components
- 2. Count: 2 pieces \rightarrow **A** + **B** \rightarrow <u>rank = 2</u>

DEFINITION For <u>Bias</u>:

- **1.** Possible values for [x, y, z, u]: [0, 0, 1, 2], [0, 1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 1, 4], ...
- 2. Plug in -> Average.
- 3. Bias: quantify how uniform the distribution of outputs is

Two Properties of Polynomials: **Are they related?** or are famous mathematicians wrong?

Degree 2; Previously Proven Case

From [Green, Tao] [1], in the degree 2 case: "<u>lack</u> of equidistribution implies <u>bounded</u> rank"



higher rank \implies equidistribution

Degree 3 and up

???

Conjecture: similar relationship for arbitrarily large degree[3]. But what do we see when we actually calculate these values for high degree polynomials?

^aThe polynomials used here are (x + y + z)(u + v), $(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$, and $(x^2 + xy + xz + xu + xv + y^2 + yz + yu + yv + z^2 + zu + zv + u^2 + uv + v^2)$



Experimentally!



In degree 3: conjecture seems likely!

Future Direction

 $bias(P) \le |F_p|^{-r/4} \le |F_p|^{-r/12}$

- 1. Proven (deg 3): $bias(P) \le |F_p|^{-r/12}$ [2] Our examples (deg 3): $bias(P) \le |F_p|^{-r/4}$
- 2. Future: fully describe the rank and bias for degree 3 over small fields and a small number of variables
- 3. This data may help affirm a proper upper bound

References

- [1] Ben Green, Terence Tao. The distribution of polynomials over finite fields, with applications to the Gowers norms. 2007.
- [2] Karim Adiprasito et al. On the Schmidt and analytic ranks for trilinear forms. 2021.
- [3] Tali Kaufman, Shachar Lovett. Worst Case to Average Case Reductions for Polynomials. 2008.
- [4] Illinois Geometry Lab. IGL Poster Template. University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Department of Mathematics, 2017.